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in which sick leave would not normally be allowed by law or regulation.

(d) The entitlements under sections 6381 through 6387 of title 5, United States Code, and this subpart do not modify or affect any Federal law prohibiting discrimination. If the entitlements under sections 6381 through 6387 of title 5, United States Code, and this subpart conflict with any Federal law prohibiting discrimination, an agency must comply with whichever statute provides greater entitlements to employees.

[58 FR 39602, July 23, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 64454, Dec. 5, 1996. Redesignated at 76 FR 60704, Sept. 30, 2011, and further redesignated at 76 FR 60705, Sept. 30, 2011]

§630.1213 Records and reports.

- (a) So that OPM can evaluate the use of family and medical leave by Federal employees and provide the Congress and others with information about the use of this entitlement, each agency shall maintain records on employees who take leave under this subpart and submit to OPM such records and reports as OPM may require.
- (b) At a minimum, each agency shall maintain the following information concerning each employee who takes leave under this subpart:
- (1) The employee's rate of basic pay, as defined in 5 CFR 550.103;
- (2) The occupational series for the employee's position;
- (3) The number of hours of leave taken under §630.1203(a), including any paid leave substituted for leave without pay under §630.1206(b); and
 - (4) Whether leave was taken—
- (i) Under $\S630.1203(a)$ (1), (2) or (3) of this part; or
- (ii) Under §630.1203(a)(4) of this part.
- (c) When an employee transfers to a different agency, the losing agency shall provide the gaining agency with information on leave taken under §630.1203(a) of this part by the employee during the 12 months prior to the date of transfer. The losing agency shall provide the following information:
- (1) The beginning and ending dates of the employee's 12-month period, as determined under §630.1203(c) of this part; and

(2) The number of hours of leave taken under §630.1203(a) of the part during the employee's 12-month period, as determined under §630.1203(c) of this part.

[58 FR 39602, July 23, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 67288, Dec. 29, 1995; 61 FR 64454, Dec. 5, 1996. Redesignated at 76 FR 60704, Sept. 30, 2011, and further redesignated and amended at 76 FR 60705, 60706, Sept. 30, 2011]

Subpart M—Reservist Leave Bank Program

SOURCE: 56 FR 20518, May 6, 1991, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 64 FR 72253, Dec. 27, 1999.

§630.1301 Purpose and applicability.

- (a) Purpose. The purpose of this subpart is to establish procedures and requirements for a reservist leave bank program in Executive agencies under which an employee may contribute unused accrued annual leave to a leave bank established by the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) for use by eligible returnees who have been members of the Armed Forces of the United States serving on active duty during the Persian Gulf War and who return to civilian employment with their agencies
- (b) Applicability. This subject applies to officers and employees—
- (1) To whom subchapter IV of chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code, applies; and
- (2) Who are employed in Executive agencies.

§630.1302 Definitions.

In this subpart:

Agency means an "Executive agency," as defined in 5 U.S.C. 105.

Contribution period means a period of at least 6 weeks beginning on a date to be established by OPM. The Director of OPM may extend the contribution period, if necessary, to meet the requirements of the legislation.

Eligible returnee means an employee who has been a member of the U.S. Armed Forces serving on orders issued under 10 U.S.C. 672(a), 672(g), 673, 673b, 674, 675, or 688 during the Persian Gulf War, and who has returned to, or will return to Federal employment with his or her agency. An employee who, after